

# Evidence-Based Reading Phonics, Phonemic Awareness & Fluency

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This presentation will be recorded and shared for on-demand viewing.



#### Overview

- Define phonics, phonemic awareness, and fluency and their roles as essential components of reading
- Examine how to assess a student's reading skills
- Explore the relationship between phonics and decoding
- Compare evidence-based strategies for phonemic awareness, phonics, and fluency
- Evaluate resources to further explore evidence-based reading strategies



#### Phonemic Awareness



- •The ability to identify the smallest units of sound in the English language
- Powerful predictor of later reading
- •Cup = /c//u//p/



#### Importance of Phonemic Awareness

"Adult nonreaders have virtually no phonemic awareness ability and are unable to consistently perform, on their own, almost all phonemic awareness tasks." (Kruidenier, 2002)

"Adult beginning readers, like all beginning readers, perform poorly on phonemic awareness tasks that require phoneme manipulation. The ability to perform more complex operations with phonemes generally increase along with reading ability until word analysis is established." (Kruidenier, 2002)



# Breakout Room Activity: Phonemic Awareness and Content Standards



Identify NCCCS CCR Content
Standards related to phonemic
awareness



Identify performance indicators



Discuss sample activities

North Carolina Community College System
College and Career Readiness

Adult Basic Education
Content Standards

Levels 1 - 4, Grade Levels 0.0 - 8.9

#### Reading Benchmarks, Performance Indicators, and Sample Activities with Real-life Application Level 1 – Grade Level 0-1.9

**R.1 Print Concepts/Phonemic Awareness/Word Analysis:** The student will develop and demonstrate knowledge of print concepts and phonemic awareness, word analysis, and decoding strategies to pronounce and derive meaning of words.

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Benchmark	Performance Indicator	Sample Activities with Real-Life Application		
R.1.1.1 Recognize the concepts of print (left to right, top to bottom, front to back, return sweep). Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).	Follow a few very simple sentences with familiar learned words and point to each word as it is read; demonstrating movement from left to right and top to bottom; and movement from the end of a line to the beginning of the next (return sweep) with continuation on the back of the page.	Have students type their name over and over on the computer so that they will see the movement from left to right and the return sweep.  Have students connect dots under letters from left to right and then next line.		
R.1.1.2 Recognize and discriminate among lowercase and uppercase letters and their corresponding sounds. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.	Look at a list with a mixture of at least twenty lowercase and uppercase manuscript letters of the alphabet that are not in alphabetical order, say the names of the letters for your instructor and indicate the sounds the letters make.	Assign a letter to each student and have them do a scavenger hunt in the classroom to find words that contain that letter or objects that begin with that letter.		



#### Phonemic Awareness Tasks

- Phoneme Isolation "Tell me the first sound in paste." /p/
- •Phoneme Identity "Tell me the sound that is the same in bike, boy, and bell." /b/
- Phoneme Categorization "Which word does not belong? Bus, bun, rug."



#### Phonemic Awareness Tasks

- Phoneme Blending "What word is /s/ /k/ /u/ /l/?"
- Phoneme Segmentation "How many phonemes are there in ship?" /sh/ /i/ /p/
- •Phoneme Deletion "What is smile without the /s/?



#### Phonemic Awareness Assessment Plan



Initial planning/placement



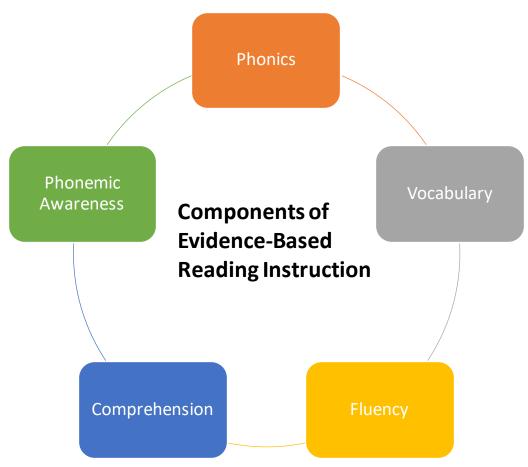
Ongoing progress monitoring



Outcomes measurement



#### Background on Evidence-Based Reading





#### **Decoding and Phonics**



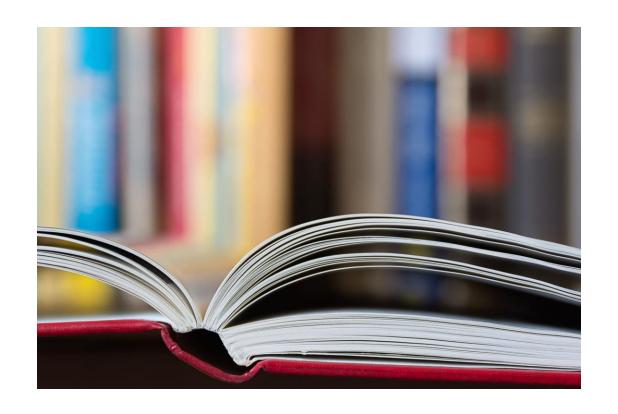
Decoding – Word identification skill



Phonics – Instructional strategy for teaching decoding



Adults who do not have the ability to identify words independently and rapidly will not be able to read fluently enough to read with understanding.





### Who Needs Phonics Instruction

- Adult nonreaders
- Beginning readers
- Intermediate readers





#### Breakout Room Activity: Classroom Strategies



How do you identify a student's reading ability?



What strategies have you employed to increase decoding skills?



How can you incorporate phonics instruction into a classroom lesson?



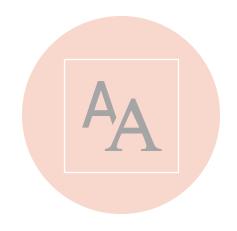
#### Assessing Decoding Skills





#### **Phonics Instruction**







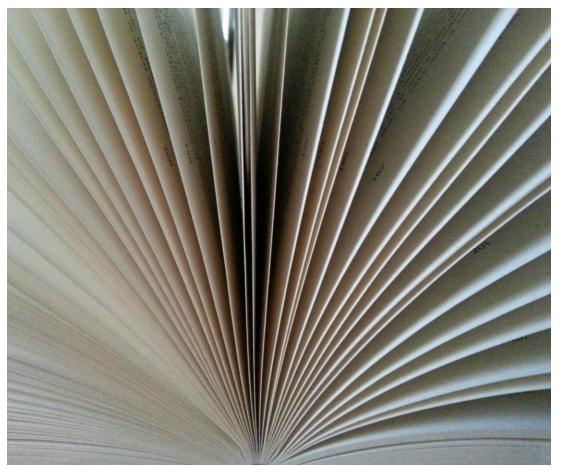
**SYNTHETIC PHONICS** 

**ANALYTIC PHONICS** 

PHONICS IN CONTEXT



## **Reading Fluency**



- Speed and accuracy
- Group words into phrases
- Enables comprehension
- Decoding is automatic and effortless

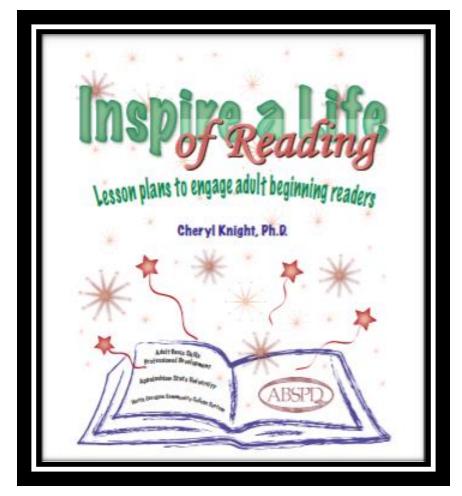


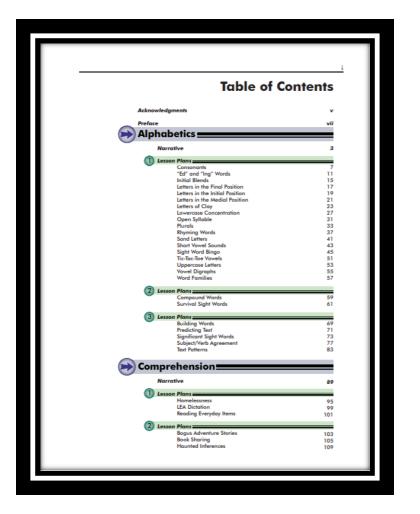
#### **Instructional Resources**





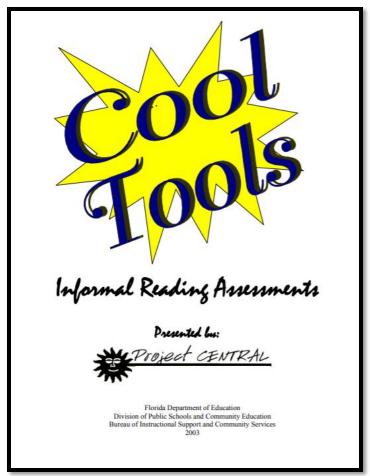
#### **Inspire a Life of Reading**







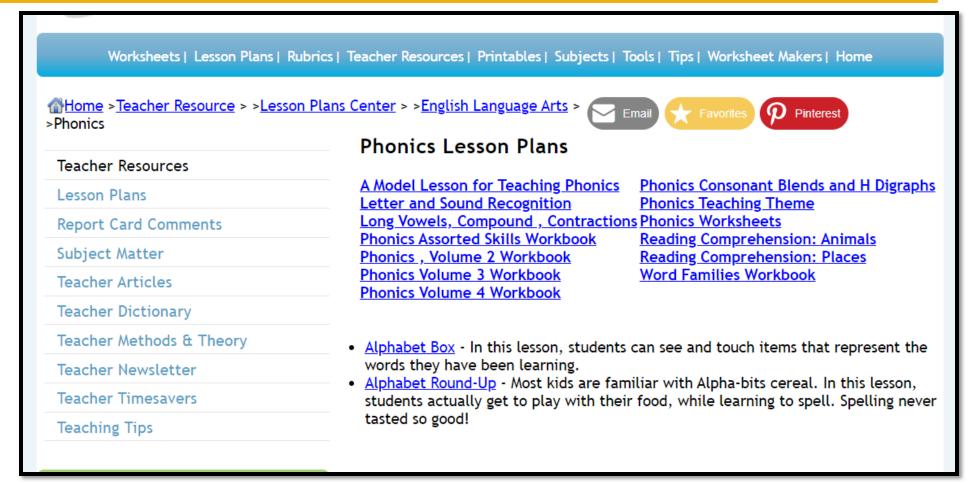
## Cool Tools – Informal Reading Assessments



5 Components of Reading Instruction	3 Types of Assessment	Strategies for Initial Instruction	Strategies for Immediate Intensive Intervention
<ul> <li>Phonological awareness</li> <li>Phonics</li> <li>Fluency</li> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Comprehension</li> </ul>	Screening     Diagnostic assessments     Progress monitoring	Grounded in scientifically based reading research (SBRR) and aligned with the Sunshine State Standards	Identification of students, diagnosis of the nature, Prescription of instruction, Provision of intensive instruction, grounded in SBRR and prescribed in the AIP, and Ongoing progress monitoring and continued support

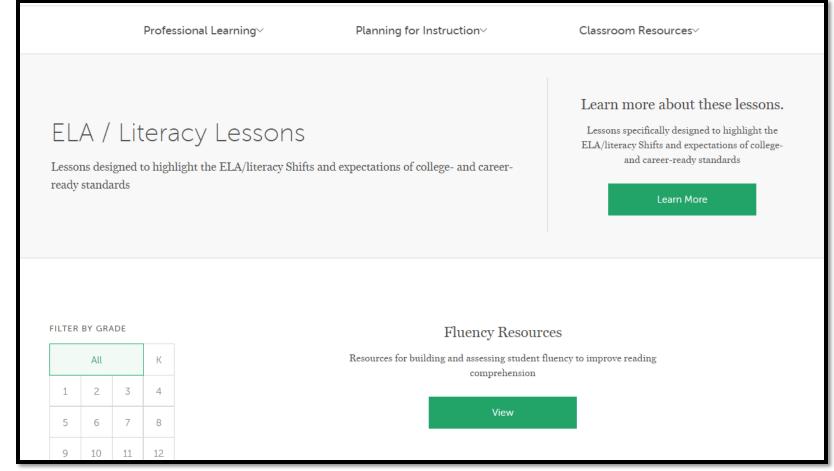


#### Teach-nology.com





#### Achieve the Core





#### Reading Skills for Today's Adults





#### Resources

- https://lincs.ed.gov/publications/html/teach\_adults/teach\_adults.html
- http://www.ncsall.net/fileadmin/resources/research/brief\_strucker2.pdf
- https://lincs.ed.gov/professional-development/resource-collections/profile-136
- <a href="https://abspd.appstate.edu/sites/abspd.appstate.edu/files/EBRI%20Resources%2">https://abspd.appstate.edu/sites/abspd.appstate.edu/files/EBRI%20Resources%2</a> <a href="https://abspd.appstate.edu/files/EBRI%20Resources%2">OAlphabetics.pdf</a>
- https://abspd.appstate.edu/sites/abspd.appstate.edu/files/EBRI%20Assessment% 20Toolkit.pdf
- https://lincs.ed.gov/publications/pdf/applyingresearch.pdf



#### Resources

- https://www.readingskills4today.com/jobinterviewtips
- https://achievethecore.org/category/411/ela-literacy-lessons?filter\_cat=1153
- <a href="https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Free-Reading-Fluency-Charts-377871">https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Free-Reading-Fluency-Charts-377871</a>
- http://www.teach-nology.com/teachers/lesson\_plans/language\_arts/phonics/
- <a href="https://www.learnerweb.org/LearnerWeb/LearnerWeb.html?region=literacyworks&locale=en#REGION HOME PAGE">https://www.learnerweb.org/LearnerWeb/LearnerWeb.html?region=literacyworks&locale=en#REGION HOME PAGE</a>
- https://lincs.ed.gov/publications/pdf/adult\_ed\_02.pdf



# Reflections



# Thank you for attending!